# Homework 8

#### your name here

### Due Wed, Apr 13, 2022 at 11:00 PM in D2L

# Instructions

Use this .Rmd file as a template for your homework. Please use D2L to turn in both the Knitted PDF output and your R Markdown file. Your .Rmd file should compile on its own if it is downloaded by your instructor.

#### Load packages and data

library(tidyverse)
library(openintro)

# Exercises

### Baby weight vs. smoking

The following problems use the ncbirths data set explored in Lab 08. For these exercises, we will use the entire data set (not just white mothers as in the lab).

Consider the possible relationship between a mother's smoking habit and the weight of her baby.

- 1. Create a version of the ncbirths dataset omitting observations where there are NAs for habit. You can call this version ncbirths\_habitgiven.
- 2. Plotting the data is a useful first step because it helps us quickly visualize trends, identify strong associations, and develop research questions. Create an appropriate plot displaying the relationship between habit and weight. What does the plot highlight about the relationship between these two variables?
- 3. Calculate the mean weight in each of the habit groups. How do these two means compare?

There is an observed difference in sample means, but is this difference statistically significant? That is, if there really was no relationship between a mother's smoking habit and the weight of her baby, is this difference in sample means unlikely to occur just by chance? In order to answer this question you will conduct a hypothesis test.

- 4. Using standard statistical notation, write the hypotheses for testing if the average weights of babies born to smoking and non-smoking mothers are different. Hint: Mathematical notation can be created in your .Rmd file using LaTeX code, which is surrounded by \$. For instance, the alternative hypothesis displayed before Exercise 3 in Lab 08 was created with the code \$H\_A: \mu \neq 7.43\$.
- 5. Use bootstrapping to construct a 95% confidence interval for the difference between the average weights of babies born to smoking and non-smoking mothers.
- 6. Use your interval from the previous exercise to state a conclusion to the hypothesis test.

## Extra Credit

Write and run code that will carry out a randomization test for these data. If you are unfamiliar with a randomization test for this scenario, or you just want a refresher, review Section 6.3.1 of the STAT 216 online textbook.

You may write code using only base R functions, or you can explore the tidymodels or infer packages, which include functions to run simulation-based hypothesis tests.